SATURDAY, the 17th day of Pebruary, 1873,

SATURDAY, the 17th day of Pebruary, 1873, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described desirable real estate, to-wit: Parts of fots numbered one had seventeen (117) and thirty-seven (37), sinate at the corner of Market alley, on Market square, in the city of Wheeling, Ohio county, West Virginia: said property fronting on Market space twenty (30) feet and five and one-half (5%) inches, and running back westwardly the same width to the depth of ninety-four (84) feet, and situate on the north side of said alley and west of said Market space.

The terms of said sale will be one-third in also months from the day of sale, with interest thereon from said day of sale, with interest thereon from said day of sale, and one-third in twelve months from the day of sale, with interest thereon from said day of sale, the purchaser giving his negotiable notes with personal security satisfactory to the undersigned for said deferred insulations and the purchaser may pay he said notes. Said property will be so for the said notes. Said property will be so for the contract of the wife of said Lane, with right will not extend the destant of Lane, and Is of little consequence may read the first of the wife of said Lane, which right will not extend the destant of Lane, and Is of little consequence may read the legical to the side of lane, and Is of little consequence may read the lane and Is of little consequence may read the lane and Is of little consequence may read the lane and the said the lane and the said the lane and the lane and Is of little consequence may read the lane and Is of little consequence may read the lane and Is of little consequence may read the lane and Is of little consequence may read the lane and Is of little consequence may read the lane and Is of little consequence may read the lane and Is of little consequence may read the lane and Is of little consequence and the lane and Is of little consequence and the lane and Is of little consequence and the lane and Is of lane and Is of little consequence and the lane a his property is the most desirable Grocery nd in this city, having a three story brick J. O. PENDLETON, Trustee. TOMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Dio county, West Virginia, rendered on the 98th lay of November, 1871, in a cause in chancery ending in said. Court, wherein William W. hirlyer is complainant, and John Gallagher and thore are defendants, I shall on

SATURDAY, the 10th day of February, 1872. at 10 o'clock a. M., proceed to sell at public auc-tion, to the highest and best bidder, at the front door of the Court House of Ohlo county, West Virginia, the following described property, that

Ingriss, the conowing destroacy property, that is to say:

"A certain piece or percel of land situate on the west side of Morrow street, between Union and Madison streets, and in that part of the city of Wheeling called Buena Vista, and designated on the plat of the said addition as lot No. 2 and a part of lot No. 3. The said piece of land tronts on Morrow street ninety-six feet and running lack westward twenty feet, no more or less—with all the buildings or improvements thereon or thereunto belonging; being the same property that was conveyed to John Gallagher by John Crawford and wife by deed dated September 2d, 1857." TRIMS OF SALE, CASH.
HANNIBAL FORBES.

FOR SALE.—I OFFER FOR I sale the House situate on the corner is the House is brick and contains store room and six room or dwelling purposes. Enquire of L. JUERGENS, Or WM. JUERGENS, street, between 5th and 6th.

TRUST SALE-BY VIRTUE OF A TRUST SALE,—BY VIRTUE OF A
Beed of Trust made to me by John Carney
and Mary Jane his wife, dated Jannary 2, 1868,
and of record in the office of the Recorder of
Ohio county in Deed Book No. 52, page 328, I
will offer at public sale at the front door of the
Court House of Ohio county, on

TUESDAY, April 2, 1872,

Beginning at 10 o'clore, a.m., the 'Gilowing the-scribed property, to-with Lot numbered two headerd and two (209) situated on John street in the addition to the city of Wheeling, Ohio coun-ty, W. Va., iaid out by Noah Zane, Peter Yar-nail, J. Fawecit and others, fronting on John street skry feet and rouning back one hundred and twenty feet, more or less, to the alley situate between John and Zane streets (called Cedar alley), with the buildings thereon and thereto belonging.

sale, cash.
Trustee, I shall convey only such casted in me by said Deed of Trust.
JOHN REID, Trustee.

SALE OF FOUNDRY FIXTURES.

I offer at private sale the Patterns, Flasks and Fixtures in Union Foundry, belonging to the late arm of W. W. Miller & O.

The purchaser can secure a reasonable lease of the Foundry and grounds. The building is 55 feet by 65 feet, centrally located with good light which cannot be obstructed, and contains all the accessary appliances of a first-class Jobbing Foundry. turther particulars apply on the premise H. B. MILLER,

CHEAP MILL PROPERTY FOR

The one-half or whole interest in the

NEW STEAM SAW MILL, d at the foot of the town of Martin's active business. Ferry, Belmont county, Ohio, is offered for sale on very reasonable terms. This Mill is in one of the best locations on the Ohio river and has the best log harbor known. Also a two acre to in Martin's Ferry will be sold with or separate from the Mill. Terms very easy. For particulars are or address.

Cor. Second and Walnut Sts., Wheeling Island TRUST SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF

L. Deed of Trust executed on the 21st day of Debeber, 1870, by Benry Koehler and Augus-lius, his wife, and now of record in the Record-tr's office of Ohlo county, West Virginia, in Deed of Trust Book No. 3, page 272, I will on SATURDAY, February 10th, 1872,

at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the Court llouse of Ohio county, West Virginia, sell the following described real estate, that is to eay: That certain piece or parcelof ground lying and being situate in the south-east corner of square number three (3) in Carroll & Baker's addition to the city of Wheeling, being lot, No. 10 in said square and situate on Fulton street in that part of said city known as East Wheeling. There is erected on said lot a frame-house, stable, fencing and other necessary improvements. Terms of sale, cash, jan PHILIP SCHUHLE, Trustee.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

The BRICK HOUSE I reside is, on Main alrest, between now and April I, 1872.
For Rent—One Small Frame, House and one Brick House, both on the Island. Possession given immediately. Apply at THEODORE FINE'S Feed Store, on Quincy st. dec28

DWELLING HOUSE

FOR SALE. FOR SALE.

I offer for rale the houe in which I now reside, situate on John street, a few doors was to Fifth. The house is a substantial two-story brick containing eight roomed besides a hath room and Ritcheur, and a finished attic, with a good redier, hot, and cold water in bath-room. The house is in good order and well located and in every way a destable property, being but a little over a square from the Fost Office. There is also on the premises a good BRICK STABLE. BRICK STABLE,

sufficient for four horses, and a carriage house Anyone wishing to purchase can examine the premises at any time. Sept25 JNO, F. McDERMOT.

SLAND LOTS FOR SALE. Having sold all the lots offered at \$300 each, except two, I now offer ten lots fronting on the cast side of Rim and Chestnut streets and extending to the river. Price from \$500 to \$1,000 each, according to size and location. Terms, one-fourth cash, residue in equal installments at one-fourth these years.

two and three years.
JNO. P. GILCHRIST,
At Top Mill.

()YSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS JOHN O. HEPTLY, in Odd Fellows' Hall Building, next door to Bocking's Drug Store, in-forms his friends that he is now recoving daily the finest Oysters ever brought to this market, the lowest possible rates. Remember the place. Call and supply yourselves with delicious bi-vaives.

J S. FAIRFAX,

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT. Offices-Crangle Block, Market St., Wheeling, W. Ya., and 42 N. 2d St., Zanesville, O. Special attention given to Public Buildings.

The Mireeling Intelligencer.

WHEELING DAILY INTELLIGEN

VOL. XX.

WHEELING, W. VA., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1872.

NO. 136.

The Intelligencer.

SENATOR BAKER will accept our thanks for copies of Legislative and Convention McKelvev, of the McLlure House new

depot, has our thanks for Cincinnati papers in advance of the mails. OLD FATHER GRIMES, the Good Old

Man, is nominated for President by the Dubuque Telegraph. A COUNTRY exchange promises to "print

list of all delinquents next week so it may be seen why our paper is sick 'nigh unto death.'"

Mr. GREELEY says he thinks GRANT's renomination would endanger the success of the Republican party in the coming election, and he says squarely he will not support him.

BOOKS OPENED.-The books of the Wheeling & Tuscarawas Valley Railroad Company are open to-day for subscription at the First National Bank of Bridgeport. We should like to be able to report to-morrow that the ten per cent (200,000) on the capital stock of the company has een subscribed.

STEUBENVILLE had a small fire yesterday morning. The frame dwelling of LEWIS MCELFRESH was discovered to be on fire in the garret. A hole was cut in roof and it was soon extinguished. The water froze on everything it touched, and WALTER McELFRESH, a young man, slipped on the icy roof and fell to the ground receiving severe injuries.

"OLD PROBABILITIES."-Gen. ATMER MyER, Chief Signal officer of the U. S. A., whose "probabilities" as to the weather has become an interesting and valuable part of each day's news, has favored us with a copy of his annual report to the Secretary of War, for the fiscal year end-June 30, 1871. It contains much cu rious information respecting meteorological science as now employed by the government in the interests of the public and more particularly of the Lake and coast marine.

THERE must have been a break in the blockade at Charleston a few days ago, as we received mail matter from there yesterday. We bring report of matters n Convention and Legislature up to the latest dates thus obtained. We find very little in the reports of the Legislature that is of the slightest value as news, and confess for ourselves that we don't hanker after such reading as the Convention reports furnish. We hope our readers may have different tastes and may relish the four or five columns of the solemn doings of the Solons which a painful duty as journalists obliges us to inflict on them this norning.

THE CAPITAL.

Frozen Up Tight-Convention Doing Little.

CINCINNATI, January 31.—The Kanawha river is frazen solid at Charleston. W. Va., but one mail reached there in a

The Constitutional Convention is holding short daily sessions, but waiting for the committees to report before beginning

THE PRESIDENCY.

fr. Greeley Defines his Position--He will not Support Grant--His Nomination will Imperil a Republican Success. NEW YORK, January 31 .- Hórace Gree

ey in the Tribune to day says that though he does not exalt the one term principle above every other consideration, yet he has adhered to it over thirty years, never supporting a President for re-election but ce. He says that he has reason for believing that Grant assented to the oneterm principle less than four years ago. He does not say that Grant will not, it nominated, be elected; but he will not support him, and that his nomination renders doubtful a Republican triumph which a one-term pledged candidate would make certain.

[The New York press agent sends the [The New York press agent sends the following correction: In item sent to the evening papers about Mr. Greeley on the Presidency, suppress word, "But he will not support him," and make read as follows: "He does not say he will not support him, but that his prominents, acuit ching on the grounds donated in this city; that the Union Pacific Railroad Company will not support him, and make read as follows: "He does not say he will not support him, but that his prominents, acuit, ching or spons and general offices of the port him, but that his nomination, &c." DOOLITTLE 18 CONFIDENT.

A Washington dispatch says that Hon. R. Doolittle is in that city and is confident of the success of the new movement, and is in favor of Mr. Trumbull for the

WASHINGTON.

Washington, January 31.—Mr. Fitz-hugh, of Saginaw, was before the Senate Committee on Finance this morning, ar-guing against a reduction of the salt duty. A delegation of iron and woolen manu-facturers trom New York and Pensylva-nia, and a representative from the iron manufactures of Pittaburgh, were also be-fore the committee.

manusciores of Pittaburgh, were also before the committee.

The delegation appointed by the National Convention which met in Baltimore last fall, appeared before the Senate
Committee on Naval Affairs to-day, and
submitted their theory of the best means
of reviving the American skip building of reviving the American saip building. They will be heard by the House Nava

UTAH TERRITORY.

SALT LAKE, January 31 .- In the House this evening the committee to express the sense of that body on the veto message of the admission act, reported a resolution that the statements in the message were that the statements in the message were unsound, false, disgusting, and an insult to the people of the territory. It was not been accepted, though the will probably take place on the Kennebee. The international curling match is likely to prove a failure, owing to a disagrament as to the choice of locality.

BY TELECRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

MORNING, PEBRUARY 1, 1872.

Exclusively to the Intelligencer.

(By the Western Union Line

THE LATEST NEWS.

Three thousand pounds was subscribed at the meeting at London, Tuesday night, is aid of the Livingstone expedition.

—Bight thousand reinforcements have salled rom Cadin for Cuba.

-The boiler of the British steamship Amazor

—The boiler of the British steamship Amazon, exploded at Bordeanx, Tuesday. Two men were killed, and several injured.

—Henry W. Gray, (nominee) is elected Senttor of the Fourth Pennsylvania district over McLure (ind. Rep.) by 940 msjority. The Republican msjority last election was 7,436,

—The California Sennet has refused to pays to third reading, a resolution recommending the adoption of the government postal telegraph system.

-The steamer Mary Taylor has sailed from San Francisco for Ecnador with divers and ma chinery for raising the treasure sunk on the Spanish frigate Leocodia, in 1802,

The weather in Oregon is very cold The Morthern Pacific surveying party, under Captain Maxwell, abandoned work in Bendorelle county, and arrived at Wallawalls after great hardship

and arrived at Wallawalla after great hardship and loss of several animals.

—Governor Hoffman, in response to a resolu-tion of the New York House, says there were several instances in the last Logislature where clauses which were never passed were inserted in bills presented for his sign ature.

—The journeymen carpenters of Brussels City are on a strike, and the masters have closed their shops. shops,
—Mr. McLure, the defeated candidate for the

clares his intention of contesting the election of

Pennsylvania Senate in the Fourth District, de

stead bill should be so amended that the date of settlement on unsurveyed lands may count after the survey as part of the proceeds of five years actual occupation, requisite towards establishing a homestead claim, was unanimously concurred n in the House Committee of Confer ace, Wed-

in in the House Committee of Conference, Wednesday, and Garfield, Claggett and Morrill were selected as a sub-committee of delegates to confer with the Committee on Territories and on Public Lands upon the subject.

—Miss Mattic Riley, of Columbus, Ohio, daughter of W. W. Riley, committed spicide Tucsday uight by poison while temporarily insane.

—Gen. Hancock was interviewed yesterday by a St. Paul reporter touching his reported declination of candidacy for President. Hancock said, (like Greeley), that he never declined anything (like Greeley,) that he never declined anything pefore it was offered him, but he preferred to be

onsidered not a candidate rather ing the office.

—Alexis was driven around Louisville yester-

—Alexis was driven around Lonisville yesterday and shown the sights,
—The blockade on the U. P. rallroad continues.
The snow drifts into the cuts as fast as removed,
Some passengers east have been 16 days this side
of Ogden.
The following postmasters were nominated by
the President yesterday: L. Cord, Mason City,
Iows, J. Allen, Maquakela, Iows; Lewis Lamtright, Middletown, Ohio; Baltzer Young, New
Lisbon, Ohio; Jeremiah Clark, Leavenworth, Ks.
—Mayor Blackmore of Pittsburgh entered on
his duties yesterday.

his duties yesterday.

—The river is still closed at Pitteburgh. -The Japanese embassy, consisting of 100 persons, left San Francisco for the East yesterday morning in a special train of five palace cars.

—Thomas F. Phillips, dry goods merchant of Pittsburgh, has failed. Liabilities \$130,000; as-

ts \$60,000 or \$70,000. The total amount of United States currency

—The total amount of United States currency obtaining at this date, is \$399,087,070.

The territorial delegates in Congress have as organization and meet every Monday, to consider matters affecting the territories.

—Secretary Boutwell was before the Committee of the House, yesterday, and had a ong conference with the committee upon Mr. Lynch's bill to promote American commerce.

maha and the U. P. Railroad-Contract Between City and Com-

Омина, January 31.—There was re-orded at this place to-day deeds of lands rom the city of Omaha to the Union Pacific Railroad Company which had been surchased by the city at a cost of \$200,000, and which, in addition to \$250,000 in loughest county, Neb, bonds, have been cielivered to the railroad company. The contract with and consideration from that contract with and consideration from that company embodied in the deeds being that it will construct and maintain a railroad bridge over the Missouri river at Omaha; that the eastern terminus of the Ilmon Pacific shall be and remain at Omaha; that all transfers of freight, researchers, baggage, mail and express passengers, baggage, mail and express matter cast and west shall, after the comchine, car shops and general offices of the

company to remain at Omaha.

Thus is settled a question about which there has been much discussion for the past two years. Nine of the eleven spans of the bridge are already completed and the other two are in progress and will probably be completed by the first of March next, so that trains will pass over the bridge.

CHICAGO.

Increase of Small-pox.

CHICAGO, January 31 .- The report of the Sanitary Superintendent shows 19 deaths from small-pox during the past seven days, and he declares that the discuss is (still on the increase. There are case is still on the increase. There are now 26 patients in the new and 8 in the old hospital. Seven physicians have been prosecuted for not properly reporting the cases occurring in their practice. Dr. Rauch believes that the recent intensely cold weather has increased the epidemic. The first militia to reorganize since the first in the Mullicar Zonaves. John J. fire is the Mulligan Zonaves, John J

Aquatic -- Curling Match. HAIAPAX, January 31.—Pulton's propo-sal to row Brown at Springfield, Mass., has not been accepted, though the match

42d CONGRESS.

Washington, Jan. 31, 1872. HOUSE.

The bill in reference to appeal to the upreme Court, after discuss

ed substantially as reported.

Mr. BINGHAM unsuccessfully strived to have the bill modified so as to restrict writs of error in capital offences claiming that if it applied to mere penitentiary cases it would delay and impede justice in the case of the Mormon prosecutions. On motion of Mr. Dawes, the report of the Committee on Ways and means on the action of the Secretary of the Treasu-

tion without discussion.

Mr. Kerr, representing the Minority
Committee, declined to consent to having
the matter voted on without discussion. Mr. SARGENT desired to proceed with the Indian Appropriation bill, but decided to go on with the syndicate matter. The resolution as reported by the Committee

was justifying the Secretary of the Treasu-ry in the matter of negotiation.

Mr. Cox proposed an amendment to the resolution directing the Committee to report the bill introduced by him, forbidding the payment of commutate sale of U. S. bonds.

Mr. Dawes briefly recapitulated the facts in the case, and defended the report of the Committee Mr. KERR, from the Minority Commit

e, contested the report. Mr. Вжек claimed that the three months interest which the syndicate had received on the bonds without paying any consid-eration for it was \$2,025,000, which sum, added to its commissions, made its aggregate compensation \$2,462,500. The same the loan would allow the syndicate to reap a rich harvest of \$24,000,000, and he Pennsyranus scenary.

Lares his intention of contesting the election on the ground of frandulent voting.

—The Tribity Episcopal church on Madison street, Covington, Kentucky, was damaged by fire, last evening, to the amount of \$4,000. During the fire, a horse attached to the hose received in the funding law. He is alich, and also seriously injuring John Kolhoff, a tailor,

—The director of the Paris Official Journal, published under the control of the Commune, has been sentenced to transportation.

—Thankagiv ng in St. Paul's London for the recovery of the Prince of Walles is aumounced to take place on the 57th of February.

—The trial of Tweed will not take place until the March term. This practically puts the case over until the close of the legislature. It is probable that Tweed will now take his seat in through the same agents, whereby they would pocket at least three per cent on the whole amount, as they had already done on a part. Congress might just as well by a direct vote put thirty-nine mil-

well by a direct vote put thirty-nine mil-lion dollars into the pockets of Jay Cooke During the discussion Mr. MAYNARD from the conference committee on the bill allowing certain machinery to be import-ed free of duty for sulphur mining in Louisiana, and for plate glass manufactur-

ing generally, made a report. The com-mittee agrees to strike out the section for plate glass machinery. The report was agreed to.

Mr. Brooks, of New York, the minority member of the Committee of Ways and Means, asked Mr. DAWES it the pendng resolutions were adopted by the House it the Secretary of the Treasury would regard it as authority for him to

go on in the same way with the rest of Mr. Dawes replied the Secretary of the Treasury would be assured by the adoption of the resolution that in no re-spect had he violated the law. Indeed he felt so now, and by the passage of the resolution he would feel that he had the opinion of the House backing him. He did not think that any gentleman was authorized to state what was the disposition of the Secretary in regard to his future operations in funding the loan. No arrangements so far as he knew had been entered into, and there was not any like

shood of any arrangements being made on such terms as he had seen stated in the ewspapers.
Mr. Brooks—In other words it the reso lution be adopted; the Secretary will re-gard it as an approval of his past course, and as to that extent an authority for him

go on in the same way.
Mr. Dawks repeated that the adoption of the resolution would only be an approval of the legality of the Secretary's of Mr. Somner replied to the argument of the legality of the Secretary's of Mr. Mohrell, of Maine, made last week government in this country, is crystalized and informal drive about the city, week against the constitutionality of the must take.

The Christian sentiment in regard to the Clark's phaeton and drove off rapidly, government in this country, is crystalized and informal drive about the city, and this amendment is the form it larger than the city and the city of the city. Having expressed a desire to see the constitutionality of the must take. of the resolution would only be an ap-

loan in good faith, but the House ought to indicate its wish that he should stop there, and give him no encouragement to go any further in that way. In his (BROOKS') judgment, such a course would be an utter and profile gate waste of public money. He thoght it would be the worst kind of statesmanship and the worst ki statesmanship and the worst kind of financiering for the House to approve of what the Secretary had done. If it did so, the European bankers would continue to keep up the same terms, but otherwise they old come down in their demand. Be sides, there was no hurry about the mat-ter. The credit of the United States was higher now than it was years ago, when it could raise a four per cent loan, and he clieved that it would be a better financial policy not to press this funding at so high rate of interest at present.

Mr. Cox, who offered the resolution on

which the investigation was based, argued against the position taken by the Secretary of the Treasury and by the Committee on Ways and Means. He characterized the Syndicate as a pack of compositions whose operations, should be characterized the Syndicate as a pack of cormorants whose operations should be stopped at once. There should be no more dickering with them. The people held the President and Sceretary of the Treasury and Congress responsible for the peculiar manner of the manipulation of the debt. There was no difficulty in going into the market and making a decent

four per cent loan without agents and without commissions.

Mr. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, wanted to inquire of Mr. Cox as to whether a 4 oer cent loan could be negotiated.

Mr. Cox declined to allow Mr. Kelley
to interrupt him, and Mr. Dawes interered to prevent the interruption and, as

ne put it, to call the gentleman from New York off of his friend from Pennsyl-Mr. RANDALL described Mr. DAWES marks as hypocracy and cant.
Mr. Dawes said that no remarks of his Healy being elected captain.

A scheme is on foot to consolidate in two mammuth, buildings all the banking institutions of the city.

Mr. Dawes said that no remarks of his could justify such an impertinence on the part of the gentleman from Pennsylvania.

Mr. Randalu said that he had regarded the player of the city. Mr. Dawgs' remarks as not sincere, but rather as calculated to aggravate the dis-turbance, and he had simply described it

in what he thought was terse and proper Mr. Dawes said he had no words to ex-

speech and denounced the syndicate as corrupt and corrupting. He declared that a Representative who was true to his trust, and who would stop the double interest, could not do his duty without voting against the resolution of the majority and in favor of the bill which Mr. Cox had introduced forbidding all commissions and all deductions in the sale, negotiation or exchange of United States

negotiation or exchange of United State Mr. Roberts defended the action o he Secretary.

Mr. Kene offered an amendment, that

in the opinion of the House, the Secretary of the Treasury, in negotiating the loan, had increased the bonded debt more than ry in negotiating a new loan, was taken up. He was willing to submit the question without discussion.

Mr. Kerr, representing the Minority the House adjourned.

SENATE.

Mr. Pomeroy presented a resolution from the Kansas Legislature urging action for cheaper transit from the agricultural States to the seaboard. Mr. Ramsey introduced a bill in rela

tion to the settlers in the late Sloux In-dian reservation, Minnesota. dian reservation, minnesota.

Mr. Scorr reported from the Finance
Committee bill declaring the meaning of
the internal revenue act of July 14, 1870.
It declares that the meaning of the act was to exempt from the 2½ per cent tax all dividends of earnings and undivided profits of all banks, insurance or other corporations mentioned in the act made, or which accrued a surplus fund during August, September, October, November and December, 1870. In all cases where such corporations had already paid, or would thereafter pay upon their earnings, incomes, or undivided profits for any previous month in that year, a tax equal to at least 2½ per cent per annum. The substitute also directs the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to refund the tax paid upon all such carnings for the said five was to exempt from the 21 per cent tax all

upon all such earnings for the said five months, to all corporations that have paid a tax of 2½ per cent upon all divi-dends of 1870 and 1871. The bill passed, Mr. Thumbull, of the Judiciary Committee, reported adversely on the bill to authorize the President to accept the resignation of the Judge of any Court in

The amnesty bill was taken up, and Mr. Chandlers addressed the Senate at length. He declared himself against universal amnesty, it was a boon, and they who proposed to grant it, had certainly a right to impose combinations, and he thought it a very mild and reasonable nought it a very mild and reasonable their infernal outrages upon loyal men, before giving them amnesty. He was opposed too, to forcing amnesty upon them, if they would not condescend to them, if they would not condescend to ask it, they ought not to get it. The first condition of forgiveness was repentance, God might forgive an unrevent rebel, but he (Chandler) never word. The case of Gen. Longstreet had been cited as a precedent for amnestying the leading rebels, but Longstreet had furnished the highest possible evidence of repentence, loyalty and general good character by joining the Republican party. The Ku-Klux rebels of the South seemed to forget that they were paroled prisoners of war, liable to be shot at any time for a violation of their parole, and he thought that if two or

good than amnesty.

Mr. Chandler then turned to the civil placing them with good loyal men, and expressed the opinion that we had never had so honest and efficient a civil service as under the present administration, but still there were undoubted. tion, but still there were undoubtedly other great reforms required and
they would be made as soon as pointed
out. He then drew at length a parallel
between the Republican and Democratic
parties, greatly to the disadvantage of the
latter, and warned the Liberal Republicans of the character of the party into
whose hands they were rushing. There
were always Republican soreheads going;
over to the Democracy, but for every one over to the Democracy, but for every one of such there were ten Democrats joining the Republican party, and if the Demo-crats chose to keep up the exchange on these terms, he had no objection.

his bill should be rejected and the annesty bill passed, there was danger that the colored vote would be so divided as to defeat the Republican party. In Pennsylvania there were more than enough colored voters to turn the scale in a colored voters to turn the colored voters to vania there were more than enough col-ored voters to turn the scale in a State of life and death, and as an educatin

be considered.

Mr. Mornital, of Maine, replied: "He denied that the close of the war brought any new rule of interpetation of the Constitution, and charged Mr. Sumner with having advocated this bill by using the

Ohio Legislature. Columbus, Jan. 31,-A bill was passed making the breaking into railroad cars in the night season, burglary.

Bills were introduced authorizing coun-

ties, cities and towns to sell railroad stock held by them, and reinvest the proceeds in new railroads; to provide for the sale of illuminating oils: to compel sheriffs to pay over the public money to their successors; to punish superintendents and contractors on public werks for making a false estimate for work or material. A bill was introduced in the Senate this

afternoon to provide for the protection and education of children employed in

manufactories and mines.

A resolution was offered appropriating \$10,000 to build a monument to the memory of President Harrison. Kansas Legislatare

TOPEKA, January 31.—The bill to remove political disabilities, which has been killed twice, got on the calendar again to day in the House and was passed.

The amendment to the bill providing for the recomment of the Peri Mr. Dawes said he had no words to ex-change with the gentlemen from Penn-sylvania, who was keeper of his own conciences as he (DAWES) was of his, and church to listen to doctrines which he

A CHRISTIAN CONSTITUTION Meeting of the National Convention to Promote a Religious Amend-ment to the National

Address of Judge Hagans-The Plat-CINCINNATI, O., January 31,-The Na-

Constitution.

CINGINNATI, O., January 31.—The National Convention to secure a religious amendment to the Constitution met today at Thomas' Hall. About two hundred and fifty delegates were present from different States. The Convention was called to order by Prof. O. M. Stoddard, of Wooster University, Ohio. The object of the Convention was fully Stated by Mr. D. McAllister, Secretary. Prof Stoddard read the call for the Convention. M. B. Hagans, one of the Judges of the Superior Court of Cincinnati, was chosen President. Vice Presidents, Rev. B. P. Aydelotte, D. D., Prof. O. N. Stoddard, Rev. R. Audley Browne, D. D., Rev. J. R. W. Sloane, D. D., Rev. E. D. Morris, D. D., David Boyd, Esq., Rev. B. Heiwig and Rev. A. Ritchie. Secretary, R. H. H. George. Judge Hagans delivered an address on taking the cheir. He congratulated the delegates that they had met peacefully, without record to delegates that they had met peacefully, without regard to sect or party, to discuss questions of much moment. He welcomed them to the State and city, the heart of the nation. He firmly believed that a vast majority of the people of the United States approve of the scope and end of this movement. The explicit acknowledgment of God in the Constitution is but the recognition of an obligation on the part of a State as binding on the national conscience as on that of its independent members. The nation is not a compact and does not live by the will of man. It has its foundation in mans nature, and existed before the constitutions or laws. The people claim for legislation against evil, but forget the insidious forces tending to national ruin, and find strength in elegates that they had met peacefully, ng to national ruin, and find strength in ing to national ruin, and find strength in the fact that the temple which the nation has built does not blaze with the glory of the ineffable presence; nor a does its garments, made with its own fingers, shimmer with the hajo of its givine origin before the people so casting, and reflecting the influence of the State on the people and the people and

people are right. Letters were read from Judge Strong, of the U. S. Supreme Court; Prof. J. Z.

parole, and he thought that if two or nati selected as the place, because it was three hundred of them were taken out the scene of the agitation of the question and shot it would do a great deal more of the bible in schools. Experience confirms the belief that the progress of the movement depends on the thoroughness of its presentation to the minds of intelliservice. He said it had been going on of its presentation to the minds of intellivery effectively for the last eleven years by reforming traitors out of office and renames of the leading speakers, are as fol-

Relation of education to religion, Rev. A. D. Mayo; Moral character and ac-countability of the nation, Prof. J. R. W. Sloane; Neutrality of State in morals and religion a thing impossible, Prof. Taylor Lewis; Relation of the written constitution to the life, character, and wellare of the nation, Professor W. J. Soddard; the practical value and effect of the proposed amendment; Rev. T. P. Stenhenson. mendment, Rev. T. P. Stephenson.

ored voters to turn the scale in a State election, and in the whole country they were numerous enough to do the same in a Presidential election. The colored voters were a new power in the land and must be considered.

Mr. Morrill, of Maine, replied: "He denied that the close of the war brought support the land and must be a new power in the land and must be considered.

Mr. Morrill, of Maine, replied: "He denied that the close of the war brought and with christian laws and usages, and with chr thanks as the second of the se awing advocated this bill by using the solored voters as a coercive power instead of reasons addressed to the judgment of the Senate."

Monetusion of Mr. Monntal's reliated and use of the Bible in the public schools are unconstitutional; that we other members arrived, giving the reformrecognize the necessity of complete harmony between our written constitution
and the actual facts of our national life,
and the true way to effect this harmony
is not to expel the Bible and abrogate the
laws enforcing Christian morality, and
abolish all devout observances in connection with the government, and all
the of God and religion from our schools.

Action was however by the Seals Informed by

The Custom House Inquiry. New York, January 31.—The Custom House investigation was resumed this morning. A communication was read from D. E. L. Rogers, complaining of the conduct of the weighers in reference to a cargo consigned to his house. Babcock & Porter will be heard on Friday. B. H. Hutton sent in a letter stating that the fleecing system was commenced under Leet & Co., and still continues.

FOREIGN.

Afraid of the Geneva Conference Will Not Abide Its Decision.

New York, January 31.—A special rom London says the impression prevails here that the Geneva Commission will necessarily disappoint the hopes of its friends; that in the end it will prove a failure. If the Conference should decide to favor the claims, no English government would accept the result; no Parlia ment would ment would vote money; hence movement would stop.

The argument of the Times is that the The argument of the Times is that the English should demur the claims as an indirect damage. If the court rejects the demurer, she should withdraw from the case. This is not an argument addressed to the government, but is the government view put out as a feeler. The government says we cannot acquiesce in the construction which we are determined not to acknowledge, if proved against the to acknowledge, if proved against us.

FRANCE.

Thiers in No Hurry for German

NEW YORK CITY.

NEW YORK, January 31.—Many per supplies to the city departments in the accounts published yesterday, represent that they never received the money charged them. It also appears that many and reflecting the influence of the State on the people and the people back on the State. The process of decadence may go on to the utter ruin of the nation and its temple. He would not speak of the methods for attaining the end desired by this Convention. The agitation of this question he lelt sure would not end until rightly settled, for we have learned from our own history that in the long run the people are right.

charged them. It also appears that many of the articles were never furnished. The disbursements for bureau repairs published to disbursements for bureau repairs published. The state of the articles were never furnished. The disbursements for bureau repairs published to disbursements for bureau repairs published. The disbursements for bureau repairs published to disbursements for bureau repairs published. The disbursements for bureau repairs published to disbursements for bureau repairs published. The disbursements for bureau repairs published to disbursements for bureau repairs published. The disbursements for bureau repairs published to disbursements for bureau repairs published. The disbursements for bureau repairs published to disbursements for bureau repairs published.

President, and John J. O'Brien, Secretary The Coroners Jury last night, rendered a verdict that Mrs. Fanny Hyde, killed Geo. W. Watson, in Williamsburg. Two Geo. W. Watson, in Williamsburg. Two of the jurors considered the shooting justifiable At Kingston, yesterday, Miss Fowler was awarded four thousand dollars dama-ges against Mr. Martin, for not marrying

The Commissioner of Appeals in the The Commissioner of Appears in the case of Rawson against Pennsylvania rail-road company, have decided the limitation of liability to \$100. The loss of baggage is not in the contract awarded the plaintiff. She received \$4,000 damages for the harmonic liability to the contract awarded the plaintiff. or her baggage lost by the defendant.

The General Sessions Grand Jury, are

in doubt whether to refind indictments against the ring men. They have not time to bring witnesses before them, as their term expires Saturday.

Samuel G. Courtner to-day secured a stay of proceedings from Judge Barnard in the case of the Supervisors of the coun-

ty against Connolly, until March 15th, by which time the Court of Appeals are ex-pected to decide the case of the people against the ex-Comptroller. Alexis at Louisville

Louisville, January 31.—The Grand Buke and suite were driven around the city to-day and shown the fine residences, city buildings, &c., and visited the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company's works. They lunched at the Kentucky Club Rooms. All the party expressed The Secretary suggested the publication of the proceedigs in order to stimulate the lecturers, and to keep the discussion before the people. He believed that, in the language of the distinguished Judge who presided over this Convention, the Christian sentiment in regard to the Convention that in this country is crystalizcourse, and not or its wisdom. Every, thing that was lawful was not always wise, and it might be the opinion of some gentleman that that was a lawful act and not a wise one.

Mr. Brooks had no doubt that the Secretary of the Treasury had, to the best of his knowledge and ability, negotiated the loan in good faith, but the House ought to

remonstrance. Referred after discussion, to the Committee on Business.

Addresses were delivered by Rev. A. D. Mayo'and Prof. Sloane.

The Committee on Resolutions reported a series of resolutions which were laid over for discussion. They declare the State, exercising jurisdiction over millions of human beings as a sovereign arbiter of life and death, and as an educating of the Opera House. The hall was packed with neonle. with people.

> The New Orleans Investigation. NEW OHLEANS, Jan. 31,-Mr. Mor. ARW ORLEANS, Jan. 31.—air. Mon-cure, of Caddo, Gen. Emory, Capt. Smith, D. S. Arney, Capt. Barr, of the Wilder-ness, Collector Cassey and Chief of Police, Badger, testified before the Congressional Mr. Barr admitted that there were

seventeen Senators on the Wilderness. He was obeying orders. Mr. Carey stated that the Senators riage and use of the Bible In the pub-lic schools are unconstitutional; that we other members arrived, giving the reform-

nection with the government, and all dea of God and religion from our schools, but to insert the explicit acknowledgment of God and the Bible in the fundamental law, that the proposed religious amendment is directly opposed to the union of the Church and State.

The Convention will close its sessions

January 15, questioning the veracity of the Associated Press dispatches hence. The St, Louis Hotel will be roopened to-morrow under the superintendence of Mr. Hiram Cranston, formerly of New York. Weather Report.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF STEWAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 31—739 P. M.
The barometer will probably fall on Phursday over the entire country east of ssippi, with cloudy weather and Charles Bellows testified that some of his brandy was stolen while in charge of the custom officers. He thought that the custom officers. He thought that the prevail in the South Atlantic States. Dangerous winds are not anticipated for tonight.

ENGLAND.

A special from Springfield reports that a babe in the family of Mr. Longstreet

near Enon, froze to death in a cradle or Sunday.

Hardware, &c.

Arlington Cook Stove!

Read what the leading Stove Dealers at the Permanent Seat" have to say in regard to the

one hundred of them, and all praise them in the highest terms and say that it is the arst Stove

EADE ANYWHERE.

MADE ONLY BY

JOSEPH BELL & CO., WHEELING, W. VA.

and sold by all live Stove dealens everywhe

NO. 39 MAIN ST., Three Doors Below Oniner WHEELING, W. VA.

Belmont and other brands, a full supply just re-seived and for sale by JACOB SNYDER,

outsville Communication of San Jacob SNYDER, 39 Main street.

157 MARKET STREET.

Foreign and Domestic QUORS

HAVE JUST BROWNED BY

FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES. iso, keep constantly on hand at WHOLESALE and RETAIL, the

G. W. FRANZHEIM & CO.

The Favorite Soap,

Manufactured by E. REID, Wheeling, W. Va. Manufactured by E. REID, Wheeling, W. Va,
I claim that it cannot be excelled, iet, In purity and quality; 3d, In economy, because it is
firm and hard as soon as made and will not abrink
when exposed to the atmosphus, its most
soaps do. It will therefore weak saif as much
more as the soaps now in market it. he same
price; 3d, For perfection in weaking. You must
wash with a pure, clean soap, or you cannot have
clean, white clothes. Use the Forestian your
six the white and faultiess, and grantine that
it will not injure the skin or the average of the
fabrics. 4th, I claim for it an advantage over all
others in that it will bear leaving in the tin
or 10 hours without injuring it. Other soaps are
rendered useless by forgetting them in the tin
or basin after using. Please exquire of your
grocer for the Favorite Soap, and you will be
convinced that it is the best.
CAUTION.—Each bar is stamped. "Miners' and
Mechanics' Favorite Soap, manufactured by E.
Reid, Wheeling, W. Va.

Manufactured and sold at wholesale by
Reid, wheeling, W. Va.

Soap and Candle Manufacturer, Wheeling, W. Va. angi9 TRIMBLE & HORNBROOK,

66 MARKET STREET.

TOE! IOE!! IOE!!!—THE UNDER-SIGNED informs his old customers, and the public generally, that he has secured a splendid supply of pure "THRES MILE IOE," which he will deliver to customers during the coming sun-

For sale low by LIST, DAVENPORT & PARKS,

A large sheet containing all the CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITER-ARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING FOR FREMS OF THE WEEKLY SHOTE

The Weekly Intelligencer

ingle Copy, for one year, in advance, \$1 50 Clinbs of Ten. six months. 13
of Fifteen 18
of Twenty 40
of Twenty 40
And an extra copy to the person getting up Clin
Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Freight Depot Burned -- Frozen to

CINCINNATI, January 31 .- A special to the Gazette from Zaneaville says the Mus-kingum Valley Rallroad depot at that place burned this morning. Very little ireight in it. The fire originated from a defective flue. Lass about \$4,000; no in-surance.

"The Permanent Seat"

ARLINGTON COOK STOVE.

CHARLESTON, January 8, 1872. Messrs. Jos. Bell & Co.: GENTLEMEN-We like the improvements you have made to the Arlington very much. THE ARLINGTON IS THE STOVE. We have sold

GEO. RITTER & CO.

TACOB SNYDER.

Wholesale Dealer in Bar and Sheet Iron, Norway fron and Nail Rod, Cast, Shear and Spring Steel, Nails, Spikes, Anvils, Visea, Springs, Axies, Hot Pressed Nata, Washers, Wagon: Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Smith Bellows, Stedges, Plaster Paris, Ne Plus Ultra Lime, Common Lime, Cement, &c.

TUST"RECEIVED - 100 BARRELS NE PLUS ULTRA WHITE LIME,
COMMON LIME—in bbla,
PLASTER PARIS,
PLASTER,
CEMENT

TUST RECEIVED. 100 Bills. No Pins Ultra White Lime. 100 " Louisville Cement.

Wines and Liquors. W. FRANZHEIM & CO.,

WHEELING, W. VA

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

DIRECT IMPORTATION

Purest Brandies, Wines, Gins, &c., The Oldest Ryc and Hourbon Whiskies,

AND THE PINEST CATAWBA AND CONCORD WINES,

WANT SUPPLIED. To supply a want felt for a real genuine good article of Boap at a reasonable price, the undersigned is now manufacturing such an article, as all testify who have seen and used

OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.

Plumbers. Gas and Steam Fitters

Orders from the country attented to a short

supply of pure "THREE MILE ICE," which he will deliver to customers during the coming summer at the lowest market rate.

Make your orders early.

Fred Lecorentz will not be in my employ the coming summer; and all orders solidated by him are not for my "Three Mile Ice."

janib*

GEO. BCHELLHASE.

1 O KEGS SAUSAGE CASINGS.